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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/759,747	01/15/2004	Johan D. Overby	9131.0020-00	6889
22852	7590 02/17/2006		EXAMINER	
FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER			WHITTINGTON, KENNETH	
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WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413			2862	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
			m			
Office Action Summary	10/759,747	OVERBY ET AL.	1,			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Kenneth J. Whittingtor		\			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	bears on the cover shee	et with the correspondence addres	is			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMI 36(a). In no event, however, m will apply and will expire SIX (6) 6, cause the application to become	JNICATION. ay a reply be timely filed MONTHS from the mailing date of this commune ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 J.	anuary 2006.					
	☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This action is non-final.					
, —	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935	C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-17 and 25-27 is/ar 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 18-24 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	e withdrawn from cons					
Application Papers						
9)☑ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10)☑ The drawing(s) filed on 15 January 2004 is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.	e: a)⊠ accepted or b) drawing(s) be held in ab tion is required if the dra	eyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). wing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received ts have been received prity documents have b u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	in Application No een received in this National Sta	ge M			
Attachment(s)		Primary Examin	ei			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		iew Summary (PTO-413)				
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>5/25/05</u>. 		No(s)/Mail Date e of Informal Patent Application (PTO-15: :	2)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election of Group II, claims 18-24 in the reply filed on January 6, 2006 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).

Specification

Applicant is reminded of the proper content of an abstract of the disclosure. The abstract should not refer to purported merits or speculative applications of the invention and should not compare the invention with the prior art.

The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because the last six lines refer to the purported merits of the invention. Correction is required. See MPEP \$ 608.01(b).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 20-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point

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out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 20 recites a situation of determining one active marker, determining a marker transmit signal and then summing the marker transmit signals. It is unclear how a situation having one marker transmit signal can be "summed" to create a zero delay phase as recited in the claim. In the specification at paragraphs 063-064, the apparatus creates this zero delay phase between two signals.

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Claims 20-22 are also rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second
paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential steps,
such omission amounting to a gap between the steps. See MPEP
\$ 2172.01. The omitted steps are: the delay phase being zero
at time zero of the transmit burst or the tail end of the
transmit burst. It is unclear from the claims in what time

15 period or how the delay phase is zeroed. In the specification
at paragraphs 063-064, Applicant noted an important constraint
to the system is to create a delay phase for the group of marker
transmit signals such that the delay phase is zero at time zero
or at the tail end of the transmit burst.

It is noted that amending these claims to require "a plurality of active markers" and language stating "the delay phase is substantially zero" at a time zero or the tail end of the burst would overcome these rejection.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

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The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 18 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Wright et al. (US 6,977,504), hereinafter Wright. Regarding these claims, Wright discloses a method for locating one or more markers comprising:

generating a series of electromagnetic pulses (See Wright col. 8, line 61 to col. 9, line 16 and col. 10, line 49 to col. 11, line 15);

receiving signals as a function of time between application of the pulses (See col. 9, lines 4-27);

averaging the signals over a predetermined number of pulses to obtain an average decay signal (See col. 9, lines 35-47);

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initially determining a frequency, field strength, and phase for responses from the one or more markers (See col. 11, lines 16-26);

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accurately determining the frequency, field strength, and phase by successive elimination of a contribution from each of the one or more markers and refining the electromagnetic pulses in order to provide resonant frequencies for each of the one or more markers (See col. 11, lines 27-52 and also col. 11, line 53 to col. 12, line 57);

wherein generating a series of electromagnetic pulses includes: generating a transmit signal with resonant frequencies from at least one marker and applying the transmit signal to an electromagnetic generator (See col. 11, lines 44-52).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere*Co., 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 18, 19, 23 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C.

103(a) as being unpatentable over Rodgers et al. (US 6,362,737),
hereinafter Rodgers, in view of McEwan et al. (US 5,512,834),
hereinafter McEwan. Regarding these claims, Rodgers teaches an
object identification system comprising:

generating a series of electromagnetic pulses (See Rodgers col. 11, line 45 to col. 14, line 3);

receiving signals as a function of time between application of the pulses and to obtain an average decay signal (See col. 14, line 17 to col. 15, line 12);

initially determining a frequency, field strength, and phase for responses from the one or more markers, accurately determining the frequency, field strength, and phase by successive elimination of a contribution from each of the one or more markers and refining the electromagnetic pulses in order to

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provide resonant frequencies for each of the one or more markers (See col. 17, line 1 to col. 18, line 26);

wherein generating a series of electromagnetic pulses includes: generating a transmit signal with resonant frequencies from at least one marker and applying the transmit signal to an electromagnetic generator (See same portions or paragraphs);

wherein the determining a frequency, field strength, and phase includes performing a fast Fourier transform of the average decay signal (See col. 14, line 57 to col. 15, line 12) and obtaining initial determinations of the frequency, field strength, and phase of at least one marker from parameters determined in the fast Fourier transform (See col. 16, lines 1-5 and col. 17, lines 1-6); and

wherein determining the frequency, field strength, and

phase more accurately includes: determining a dominant marker

from the initial determinations; calculating a response from the

dominant marker; removing the response from the dominant marker

from the average decay signal; and determining the frequency,

field strength, and phase of at least one marker from the

average decay signal with the response from the dominant marker

removed (See col. 17, line 1 to col. 18, line 4).

However, while Rodgers mentions averaging signals by the processor and sampling the received signal (See col. 42, lines

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34-39 and col. 14, lines 44-56), Rodgers does not teach averaging the signals. McEwan teaches a hidden object detector that averages 10,000 received signal prior to subsequent processing (See McEwan col. 6, lines 19-33). It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to perform the sampling and averaging taught by McEwan in the apparatus of Rodgers. One having ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so to reduce the random noise in the sampled signal and simplify the circuit (See same paragraphs of McEwan).

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Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 20-22 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejections under 35 U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: the prior art does not show a delay phase adjustment as recited in the claims.

20 Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The cited prior art discloses and teaches varying designs of object

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interrogation systems and locators. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kenneth J. Whittington whose telephone number is (571) 272-2264. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 7:30am-4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Lefkowitz can be reached on (571) 272-2180. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (told-free)

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Kenneth J Whittington

Examiner

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